

# Pilot's Operating Handbook and **FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual**

# **CESSNA MODEL 172R** AIRPLANES 172R80001 AND ON SUPPLEMENT 7

## **BENDIX/KING KAP 140** SINGLE AXIS AUTOPILOT

SERIAL NO	
REGISTRATION NO	

This supplement must be inserted into Section 9 of the Pilot's Operating Handbook and FAA Approved Airplane Flight Manual when the KAP 140 Single Axis Autopilot is installed.

> FAA APPROVAL FAA APPROVED UNDER FAR 21 SUBPART J The Cessna Aircraft Co Delegation Option Manufacturer CE-1 Executive Engineer Date: 3 April 2000

Member of GAMA **2 DECEMBER 1996** 

COPYRIGHT © 1996 CESSNA AIRCRAFT COMPANY WICHITA, KANSAS, USA

Revision 4 - 31 October 2002

172RPHUS-S7-04

S7-1

# **SUPPLEMENT 7**

## BENDIX/KING KAP 140 SINGLE AXIS AUTOPILOT

Use the Log of Effective Pages to determine the current status of this supplement. Pages affected by the current revision are indicated by an asterisk (\*) preceeding the page number.

Supplement Status	Date
Original Issue	2 December 1996
Revision 1	28 February 1997
Revision 2	3 November 1997
Revision 3	28 February 2000
Revision 4	31 October 2002

## **LOG OF EFFECTIVE PAGES**

Page Status	Revision Number
Revised	4
Revised	4
Revised	3
Revised	4
Added	4
	Status Revised Revised Revised Revised

APPROVED BY

FAA APPROVED UNDER FAR 21 SUBPART J
The Cessna Aircraft Co.
Delegation Option Authorization DOA-100129-CE
Wakur Nalley
Executive Engised

DATE OF APPROVAL 10-31-02

S7-2 Revision 4

# **SUPPLEMENT 7**

# BENDIX/KING KAP 140 SINGLE AXIS AUTOPILOT

# **SERVICE BULLETIN CONFIGURATION LIST**

The following is a list of Service Bulletins that are applicable to the operation of the airplane, and have been incorporated into this supplement. This list contains only those Service Bulletins that are currently active.

Number	<u>Title</u>	Airplane Serial Effectivity	Revision Incorporation	Incorporated In Airplane
KC-140-M1 (Honeywell Service Bulletin)	KAP 140 AP		Revision 4	

# SUPPLEMENT 7

## BENDIX/KING KAP 140 SINGLE AXIS AUTOPILOT

## **SECTION 1**

## **GENERAL**

The Bendix/King KAP 140 is an all-electric, single-axis (aileron control) autopilot system that provides lateral and directional control. Components are a computer, a turn coordinator, an aileron actuator, a course deviation indicator, and a directional indicator or HSI (if installed).

Roll and yaw motions of the airplane are sensed by the turn coordinator gyro. The computer computes the necessary correction and signals the actuator to move the ailerons to maintain the airplane in the commanded lateral attitude.

The KAP 140 will provide wing leveler, heading hold, NAV track, and approach and backcourse lateral modes.

A lockout device prevents autopilot engagement until the system has been successfully preflight tested. Automatic preflight self-test begins with initial power application to the autopilot.

The following conditions will cause the autopilot to disengage:

- A. Electric power failure.
- B. Internal autopilot system failure.
- C. Turn coordinator failure (flagged gyro).
- D. Computer autopilot monitor that detects the R (ROLL) axis annunciator.

The AVIONICS MASTER switch supplies power to the avionics bus bar at the radio circuit breakers and the autopilot circuit breaker. The AVIONICS MASTER switch also services as an emergency autopilot (AP) shutoff.

The following circuit breakers are used to protect the listed elements of the KAP 140 single axis autopilot:

<u>LABEL</u>	<u>FUNCTIONS</u>		
AUTO PILOT	Supplies power to the KC 140 Computer and the autopilot.		
WARN	Supplies power to the autopilot disconnect tone.		

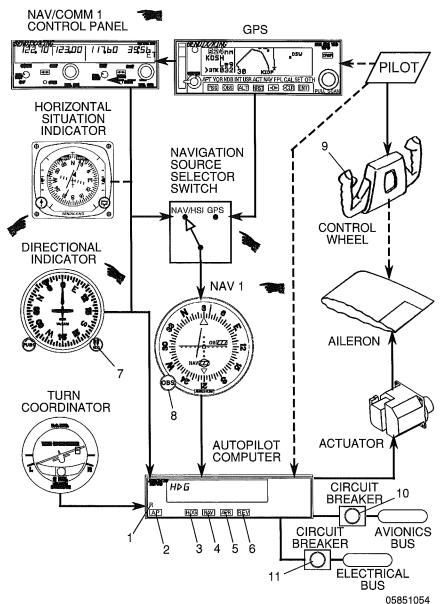
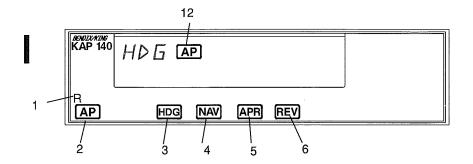


Figure 1. Bendix/King KAP 140 Autopilot, Operating Controls and Indicators (Sheet 1 of 3)



- 1. ROLL (R) AXIS ANNUNCIATOR -- When illuminated, indicates a failure in the roll axis and prevents engagement or disengages the autopilot.
- 2. AUTOPILOT ENGAGE/DISENGAGE (AP) BUTTON -- When pushed\* or pressed and held (approx 0.25 seconds)\*\*, engages autopilot if all preflight self test conditions are met. The autopilot will engage in the basic ROL mode which functions as a wings leveler. The AP button can also be used to disengage the autopilot.
- 3. HEADING (HDG) MODE SELECTOR BUTTON -- When pushed, will select the Heading mode, which commands the airplane to turn to and maintain the heading selected by the heading bug on the Directional Gyro or HSI (if installed). A new heading may be selected at any time and will result in the airplane turning to the new heading. The button can also be used to toggle between HDG and ROL modes. This button can also be used to engage the autopilot in HDG mode. For airplane serials 17280001 thru 17281118 not incorporating Honeywell Service Bulletin KC140-M1, this button will also engage the autopilot in HDG mode.
- \* Airplane serials 17280001 thru 17281118 not incorporating Honeywell Service Bulletin KC140-M1.
- \*\* Airplane serials 17280001 thru 17281118 incorporating Honeywell Service Bulletin KC140-M1, and airplane serials 17281119 and on.

Figure 1. Bendix/King KAP 140 Autopilot, Operating Controls and Indicators (Sheet 2 of 3)

- 4. NAVIGATION (NAV) MODE SELECTOR BUTTON -- When pushed, will select the Navigation mode. This mode provides automatic beam capture and tracking of VOR, LOC, or GPS signals as selected for presentation on the NAV#1 CDI or HSI (if installed).
- 5. APPROACH (APR) MODE SELECTOR BUTTON -- When pushed, will select the Approach mode. This mode provides automatic beam capture and tracking of VOR, LOC, or GPS signals as selected for presentation on the NAV #1 CDI or HSI (if installed). The greater tracking sensitivity of the APR mode is recommended for instrument approaches.
- 6. BACK COURSE APPROACH (REV) MODE SELECTOR BUTTON -- This button is active only when the coupled navigation receiver is tuned to a LOC/ILS frequency. When pushed, it will select the Back Course (BC) approach mode. This mode functions indentically to the approach mode except that the autopilot response to LOC signals is reversed.
- 7. HEADING SELECT KNOB (HDG) -- Positions the heading pointer ("bug") on the compass card. Note that the position of the heading bug also provides course datum to the autopilot when tracking in NAV, APR, or REV (BC) modes. This is in addition to its more intuitive use in the HDG mode.
- 8. OMNI BEARING SELECT KNOB (OBS) -- Selects the desired course radial to be tracked by the autopilot. (Note that the HDG bug must also be positioned to the proper course to capture and track the selected radial).
- 9. AUTOPILOT DISCONNECT (A/P DISC) SWITCH -- When depressed will disengage the autopilot. The autopilot disconnect will be annunciated by a continuous two-second tone accompanied by a flashing "AP" displayed on the autopilot computer.
- 10. AUTOPILOT CIRCUIT BREAKER -- A 5-amp circuit breaker supplying 28 VDC to the KAP 140 system.

Figure 1. Bendix/King KAP 140 Autopilot, Operating Controls and Indicators (Sheet 3 of 3)

- 11. WARN C/B -- Power to the autopilot disconnect horn.
- 12. AUTOPILOT ENGAGE AP Annunciation\*\* -- Illuminates whenever the autopilot is engaged. Flashes during pilot initiated or automatic disengagement.
- \* Airplane serials 17280001 thru 17281118 not incorporating Honeywell Service Bulletin KC140-M1.
- \*\* Airplane serials 17280001 thru 17281118 incorporating Honeywell Service Bulletin KC140-M1, and airplane serials 17281119 and on.

## SECTION 2 LIMITATIONS

The following autopilot limitations must be adhered to:

- 1. The autopilot must be OFF during takeoff and landing.
- 2. During autopilot operation, the pilot, with seat belt fastened, must be seated in the left front seat.
- 3. Continued autopilot system use is prohibited following abnormal or malfunctioning operation, and prior to corrective maintenance.
- 4. The entire PREFLIGHT procedure, outlined under Section 4, including steps 1 through 6, must be successfully completed prior to each flight. Use of the autopilot is prohibited prior to completion of these tests.
- 5. KMA 28 audio amplifier PUSH OFF/EMG operation is prohibited during normal operations.

#### NOTE

During emergency operation of the audio amplifier, the PUSH OFF/EMG state of the KMA 28 will prevent flight control system alerts from being heard.

IS/-10

# SECTION 3 EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

The two step procedure listed under paragraph 1 should be among the basic airplane emergency procedures that are committed to memory. It is important that the pilot be proficient in accomplishing both steps without reference to this manual.

- 1. In case of Autopilot malfunction (accomplish Items a. and b. simultaneously):
  - a. Airplane Control Wheel -- GRASP FIRMLY and regain aircraft control.
  - b. A/P DISC Switch -- PRESS and HOLD throughout recovery.

## NOTE

The AVIONICS MASTER switch may be used as an alternate means of removing power from the autopilot. In addition to the above, power may be removed with the Engage/Disengage button or the airplane MASTER switch. If necessary perform steps a. and b. above, then turn off the AVIONICS MASTER switch. Primary attitude, airspeed, directional and altitude control instruments will remain operational with either master switch OFF.

## **M** WARNING

- DO NOT ATTEMPT TO RE-ENGAGE THE AUTOPILOT FOLLOWING AN AUTOPILOT MALFUNCTION.
- COMMAND • THE PILOT IN MUST CONTINUOUSLY MONITOR THE AUTOPILOT WHEN IT IS ENGAGED, AND BE PREPARED TO DISCONNECT THE AUTOPILOT AND TAKE **IMMEDIATE CORRECTIVE ACTION - INCLUDING** MANUAL CONTROL OF THE AIRPLANE PERFORMANCE OF EMERGENCY AND/OR PROCEDURES - IF AUTOPILOT OPERATION IS NOT AS EXPECTED OR IF AIRPLANE CONTROL IS NOT MAINTAINED.

## AMPLIFIED EMERGENCY PROCEDURES

The following paragraphs are presented to supply additional information for the purpose of providing the pilot with a more complete understanding of the recommended course of action for an emergency situation.

# **WARNING**

DO NOT ATTEMPT TO RE-ENGAGE THE AUTOPILOT FOLLOWING AN AUTOPILOT MALFUNCTION UNTIL CORRECTIVE SERVICE ACTION HAS BEEN PERFORMED ON THE SYSTEM.

An autopilot malfunction occurs when there is an uncommanded deviation in the airplane flight path or when there is abnormal control wheel movement. The main concern in reacting to an autopilot malfunction, or to an automatic disconnect of the autopilot, is in maintaining control of the airplane. Immediately grasp the control wheel and press and hold down the A/P DISC switch throughout the recovery. Manipulate the controls as required to safely maintain operation of the airplane within all of its operating limitations. The AVIONICS MASTER switch may be used as required to remove all power from the Autopilot. With the AVIONICS MASTER switch off, all flight instruments will remain operational; however, communications, navigation, and identification equipment will be inoperative.

Note that the emergency procedure for any malfunction is essentially the same: immediately grasp the control wheel and regain airplane control while pressing and the holding the A/P DISC switch down.

It is important that all portions of the autopilot system are preflight tested prior to each flight in accordance with the procedures published herein in order to assure their integrity and continued safe operation during flight.

A flashing mode annunciation on the face of the autopilot is normally an indication of mode loss.

S7-12 Revision 4

## NOTE

An exception to this is HDG annunciation which will flash for 5 seconds along with steady NAVARM, APRARM, or REVARM annunciation to remind the pilot to set the HDG bug for course datum use.

- 1. Flashing HDG -- Indicates a failed heading. PRESS HDG button to terminate flashing. ROL will be displayed.
- 2. Flashing NAV, APR or REV -- Indicates a flagged navigation source. If no NAV source is flagged, a failed heading mode can be the cause. PRESS NAV, APR or REV button to terminate flashing. ROL will be displayed.

## NOTE

At the onset of mode annunciator flashing, the autopilot has already reverted to a default mode of operation, (i.e., ROL mode). An immediate attempt to reengage the lost mode may be made if the offending navigation flag has cleared.

Effects of instrument losses upon autopilot operation:

- 1. Loss of the artificial horizon -- no effect on the autopilot.
- 2. Loss of the turn coordinator -- autopilot inoperative.
- 3. Loss of the Directional Gyro (DG) -- The directional gyro does not provide any system valid flag. If the DG fails to function properly the autopilot heading and navigation mode will not function correctly. Under these conditions, the only useable lateral mode is ROL.
- 4. Loss of Horizontal Situation Indicator (HSI) (if installed) -- If the HSI fails to function properly the autopilot heading and navigation mode will not function correctly. Under these conditions, the only usable lateral mode is ROL.

# SECTION 4 NORMAL PROCEDURES

## PREFLIGHT (PERFORM PRIOR TO EACH FLIGHT):

- GYROS -- Allow time for the turn coordinator to come up to speed, as evidenced by the turn coordinator flag being pulled from view.
- 2. AVIONICS MASTER -- ON.
- 3. POWER APPLICATION AND SELF TEST

A self test is performed upon power application to the computer. This test is a sequence of internal checks that validate proper system operation prior to allowing normal system operation. The sequence is indicated by "PFT" (preflight test) with an increasing number for the sequence steps. Successful completion of self test is identified by all display segments being illuminated (Display Test) and the disconnect tone sounding.

4. AUTOPILOT -- ENGAGE by pressing AP button.

5. FLIGHT CONTROLS -- MOVE left and right to verify that the autopilot can be overpowered.

#### NOTE

Normal use will not require the autopilot to be overpowered.

6. A/P DISC Switch -- PRESS. Verify that the autopilot disconnects and tone sounds.

## **BEFORE TAKEOFF:**

1. Autopilot -- OFF.

## **AUTOPILOT ENGAGEMENT:**

 AP Button -- PRESS. Note ROL annunciator on. If no other modes are selected the autopilot will operate in the ROL mode.

#### NOTE

Aircraft heading may change in ROL mode due to turbulence.

## **AUTOPILOT ENGAGEMENT:**

 AP Button -- PRESS. Note ROL annunciator on. If no other modes are selected the autopilot will operate in the ROL mode.

## NOTE

Aircraft heading may change in ROL mode due to turbulence.

#### HEADING HOLD

- 1. Heading Selector Knob -- SET bug to desired heading.
- 2. HDG Mode Selector Button -- PRESS. Note HDG mode annunciator ON. Autopilot will automatically turn the aircraft to the selected heading.

## COMMAND TURNS (HEADING HOLD MODE ENGAGED)

 Heading Selector Knob -- MOVE bug to the desired heading. Autopilot will automatically turn the aircraft to the new selected heading.

## **NAV COUPLING**

- 1. When equipped with DG:
  - a. NAV#1 OBS Knob -- SELECT desired course.
  - b. NAV Mode Selector Button -- PRESS. Note NAVARM annunciated.
  - Heading Selector Knob -- ROTATE BUG to agree with OBS course.

#### NOTE

When NAV is selected, the autopilot will flash HDG for 5 seconds to remind the pilot to reset the HDG bug to the OBS course. If HDG mode was in use at the time of NAV button selection, a 45° intercept angle will then be automatically established based on the position of the bug.

## NOTE

All angle intercepts compatible with radar vectors may be accomplished by selecting ROL mode <u>PRIOR</u> to pressing the NAV button. The HDG bug must still be positioned to agree with the OBS course to provide course datum to the autopilot when using a DG (Directional Gyro).

- 1) If the CDI needle is greater than 2 to 3 dots from center, the autopilot will annunciate NAV<sub>ARM</sub>. When the computed capture point is reached, the ARM annunciator will go out and the selected course will be automatically captured and tracked.
- 2) If the CDI needle is less than 2 to 3 dots from center, the HDG mode will disengage upon selecting NAV mode. The NAV annunciator will then illuminate and the capture/track sequence will automatically begin.
  - 2. When equipped with HSI:
    - a. Course Bearing Pointer **SET** to desired course.
    - b. Heading Selector Knob -- **SET BUG** to provide desired intercept angle and engage HDG mode.
    - c. NAV Mode Selector Button -- PRESS.
      - If the Course Deviation Bar (D-Bar) is greater than 2 to 3 dots from center, the autopilot will annunciate NAV<sub>ARM</sub>. When the computed capture point is reached the ARM annunciator will go out and the selected course will be automatically captured and tracked.
- 2) If the D-Bar is less than 2 to 3 dots from center, the HDG mode will disengage upon selecting NAV mode; the NAV annunciator will illuminate and the capture/track sequence will automatically begin.

APPROACH (APR) COUPLING: (To enable glideslope coupling on an ILS and more precise tracking on instrument approaches).

- 1. When equipped with DG:
  - a. **NAV #1 OBS** Knob -- **SELECT** desired approach course. (For a localizer, set it to serve as a memory aid.)
  - APR Mode Selector Button -- PRESS. Note APR<sub>ARM</sub> annunciated.
  - c. Heading Selector Knob -- **ROTATE BUG** to agree with desired approach.

## NOTE

When APR is selected, the autopilot will flash HDG for 5 seconds to remind the pilot to reset the HDG bug to the approach course. If HDG mode was in use at the time of APR button selection a 45° intercept angle will then be automatically established based on the positon of the bug.

#### NOTE

All angle intercepts compatible with radar vectors may be accomplished by selecting ROL mode <u>PRIOR</u> to pressing the APR button. The HDG bug must still be positioned to agree with the desired approach course to provide course datum to the autopilot when using a DG.

1) If the CDI needle is greater than 2 to 3 dots from center, the autopilot will annunciate APR<sub>ARM</sub>; when the computed capture point is reached the ARM annunciator will go out and the selected course will be automatically captured and tracked.

- 2) If the CDI needle is less than 2 to 3 dots from center, the HDG mode will disengage upon selecting APR mode; the APR annunciator will illuminate and the capture/track sequence will automatically begin.
  - 2. When equipped with HSI:
    - a. Course Bearing Pointer -- SET to desired course.
    - b. Heading Selector Knob -- **SET BUG** to provide desired intercept angle.
    - c. APR Mode Selector Button -- PRESS.
- If the D-Bar is greater than 2 to 3 dots from center, the autopilot will annunciate APR<sub>ARM</sub>; when the computed capture point is reached the ARM annunciator will go out and the selected course will be automatically captured and tracked.
- 2) If the D-Bar is less than 2 to 3 dots from center, the HDG mode will disengage upon selecting APR mode; the APR annunciator will illuminate and the capture/track sequence will automatically begin.
  - d. Airspeed -- **MAINTAIN** 90 KIAS during autopilot approaches (recommended).

BACK COURSE (REV) APPROACH COUPLING (i.e., reverse localizer):

- 1. When equipped with DG:
  - a. **NAV #1 OBS** Knob -- **SELECT** the localizer course to the front course inbound (as a memory aid).
  - b. REV Mode Selector Button -- PRESS.
  - c. Heading Selector Knob -- **ROTATE BUG** to the heading corresponding to the localizer <u>front course bound</u>.

S7-18 Revision 4

8

## NOTE

- When REV is selected, the autopilot will flash HDG for 5 seconds to remind the pilot to reset the HDG bug to the localizer FRONT COURSE INBOUND heading. If heading mode was in use at the time of REV button selection, a 45° intercept angle will then be automatically established based on the position of the bug.
- All angle intercepts compatible with radar vectors may be accomplished by selecting ROL mode <u>PRIOR</u> to pressing the REV button. The HDG bug must still be positioned to the localizer <u>FRONT</u> <u>COURSE INBOUND</u> heading to provide course datum to the autopilot when using a DG.
- If the CDI needle is greater than 2 to 3 dots from center,
   the autopilot will annunciate REV<sub>ARM</sub>; when the computed capture point is reached the ARM annunciator will go out and the selected back course will be automatically captured and tracked.
- 2) If the CDI needle is less than 2 to 3 dots from center, the HDG mode will disengage upon selecting REV mode; the REV annunciator will illuminiate and the capture/track sequence will automatically begin.

## 2. When equipped with HSI:

- a. Course Bearing Pointer -- **SET** to the ILS <u>front course inbound</u> heading.
- b. Heading Selector Knob -- **SET BUG** to provide desired intercept angle and engage HDG mode.
- c. REV Mode Selector Button -- PRESS.
  - 1) If the D-Bar is greater than 2 to 3 dots from center, the autopilot will annunciate **REV**<sub>ARM</sub>; when the computed capture point is reached the **ARM** annunciator will go out and the selected back course will be automatically captured and tracked.

- 2) If the D-Bar is less than 2 to 3 dots from center, the HDG mode will disengage upon selecting REV mode; the REV annunciator will illuminate and the capture/track sequence will automatically begin.
  - d. Airspeed -- MAINTAIN 90 KIAS during autopilot approaches (recommended).

## MISSED APPROACH

- 1. A/P DISC -- PRESS to disengage AP.
- 2. MISSED APPROACH -- EXECUTE.
- 3. AP Button -- PRESS (if AP operation is desired). Note ROL annunciator ON. Select optional lateral modes as desired.

## **BEFORE LANDING**

1. A/P DISC Switch -- PRESS to disengage AP.

# SECTION 5 PERFORMANCE

There is no change to the airplane performance when the KAP140 Autopilot is installed.

S7-20 Revision 4